

## **INTEGRATED APPROACH TO COMMUNITY-BASED DRUG TESTING (IACBDT) IN THE LAURENTIANS IN QUEBEC TO PREVENT DEATHS FROM OPIOID OVERDOSES**

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**Background:** In the context of the Canadian opioid overdose crisis, often related to fentanyl, people who use drugs (PWUD) are at risk and are often missing from the statistics, as many of them do not use the public health system. The epidemiological surveillance system in Quebec assesses the presence of fentanyl only when overdoses are lethal, failing to make the link with this substance during non-fatal overdoses. To prevent these events, the Centre Sida Amitié (CSA) has developed an Integrated Approach Community Based Drug Testing (*IACBDT*).

**Description of model of care/intervention:** *IACBDT* includes access to community-based medical and psychosocial services, screening for sexually transmitted and blood-borne infections (STBBIs), drug testing, naloxone distribution and related training, sterile drug use equipment, opioid agonist therapy (OAT), as well as group training in the community. The innovation of this model is based on the detection of street drugs in the urine samples and drug residues that the PWUD voluntarily provide. A rapid test for fentanyl is done on site and then, they are sent to the provincial public health laboratory where they are tested for 210 substances.

**Effectiveness:** 1891 samples have been submitted for drug testing since September 2017. This community monitoring helps educate and inform PWUD, health workers, community-based organizations, public health services and the population about substances that circulate locally. This presentation aims to explain this model and to discuss the results.

**Conclusion and next steps:** This holistic person-centered approach is successful and is supported by local law enforcement and public health authorities. Based on a harm reduction approach, it reaches out to vulnerable and marginalized people to empower them and provides them with services that meet their needs and thus, act upstream of the opioid overdoses.

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